

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.Sc. FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

SECOND YEAR

HISTORY (Honours)

Date : 19/05/2018

Time : 11 am – 11.30 am

Paper : IV

Full Marks : 10

Reg. No. : _____

Admit Roll No. : _____

NOTE FOR STUDENTS: THIS SECTION IS TO BE ATTEMPTED FIRST. TIME FOR COMPLETION OF THIS SECTION IS 30 MINUTES. AFTER COMPLETION SUBMIT IT TO THE INVIGILATORS ON DUTY. NON COMPLYING WITH THIS INSTRUCTION WILL RESULT IN PENALTY. NOTE MCQ OF GROUPS A & B MUST BE SUBMITTED 30 MINUTES AFTER COMMENCEMENT OF EXAM.

Group – A

Answer all the questions given below. Tick (✓) the correct option :

[1×10]

1. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given bellow:

List-I: (a) John Wycliffe
(b) John Hus
(c) Zwingli
(d) Cardinal Albrecht

List-II: (i) Brandenburg
(ii) Bohemia
(iii) England
(iv) Zurich

Codes: (a) (b) (c) (d)

(A)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(B)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(C)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(D)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)

2. Who, among the following theologians, was not a 'Patristic Writer'?

a) Martin Luther b) John Wycliff c) Erasmus d) None of them

3. Who, among the following theologians, was a follower of 'Millenarianism'?

a) Pope Innocent III b) Pope Alexander c) John Calvin d) Chaucer

4. The prolonged fight between the Catholics and Protestants ended with:

a) Warms Diet b) Peace of Augsburg
c) Battle of Kappel d) Treaty of Westphalia

5. In which year Luther published "*The Freedom of the Christian Man*"?

a) 1503 AD b) 1515 AD c) 1517 AD d) 1520 AD

6. The Affair of Placards in Paris occurred in:
- a) October 18, 1533 b) January 15, 1534 c) February 27, 1534 d) October 18, 1534
7. Which one of these following options states the names of two important characters of Scottish Reformation?
- a) John Wycliffe and Patrick Hamilton b) Erasmus and John Knox
c) Patrick Hamilton and John Knox d) John Knox and John Calvin
8. Which one of these following sets is fully matched?
- a) Pope Leo X, Martin Luther, 'Defense of the Seven Sacraments' and 'Defender of the Faith'
b) Pope Leo X, 'Defense of the Seven Sacraments', 'Defender of the Faith' and Henry VII
c) Pope Leo X, Henry VII and 'Defense of the Seven Sacraments' and Martin Luther
d) None of these
9. The '*Thirty nine Articles*' was introduced by:
- a) Queen Elizabeth b) Edward VI
c) Archbishop Cranmer d) None of them
10. 'Society of Friends' was established by:
- a) George Fox b) John Knox c) Conrad Grebel d) Thomas Munster

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.Sc. FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

SECOND YEAR

HISTORY (Honours)

Date : 19/05/2018

Time : 11 am – 11.30 am

Paper : IV

Full Marks : 10

Reg. No. : _____ Admit Roll No. : _____

NOTE FOR STUDENTS: THIS SECTION IS TO BE ATTEMPTED FIRST. TIME FOR COMPLETION OF THIS SECTION IS 30 MINUTES. AFTER COMPLETION SUBMIT IT TO THE INVIGILATORS ON DUTY. NON COMPLYING WITH THIS INSTRUCTION WILL RESULT IN PENALTY. NOTE MCQ OF GROUPS A & B MUST BE SUBMITTED 30 MINUTES AFTER COMMENCEMENT OF EXAM.

Group – B

Answer **all the** questions given below. Tick (✓) the correct option :

[1×10]

1. What was unknown to Chonin traders to make improvements on—
 - a) Silk Industry
 - b) Industrial technology
 - c) Agricultural development
 - d) Commercialization
2. Who said that the revenues of the Shogunate were mainly derived from the *Tenryo* landed estates –
 - a) T.G. Tsukihara
 - b) Richard Storry
 - c) C.D. Sheldon
 - d) P. Akamatsu
3. Why Bakufu witnessed the debasement of coinage in the 18th century?
 - a) Natural Disaster
 - b) Emergence of Capitalism
 - c) Infertility of the Mines
 - d) Decreasement in export trades
4. Why the Shogunate Japan grew parasitic dependence on the feudal nobility and its political systems?
 - a) Japan isolated itself from the rest of the world from the 1630s
 - b) Japan had an agrarian economy
 - c) Japanese economy bounded with slaves
 - d) The feudal lords patronized the Samurai
5. Which was not commercial centre in the feudal Japan –
 - a) Edo
 - b) Nagoya
 - c) Osaka
 - d) Kyoto

6. Who were the Jinushi?

- | | |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| a) Daimiyo | b) Intermediary exploiting group |
| c) Chonin | d) Industrialist |

7. Find out the right of Japanese peasants during the Tokugawa Period

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) They could leave the land | b) They could sell the land |
| c) They could mortgage the land | d) None of the above |

8. Which was not exercised in the Sankin-kotai system?

- a) The Daimiyos had to be physically present in Kiyoto at least for one year in every two years
- b) The Daimiyos had to be physically present at Edo at least for one year in every two years
- c) Spies were appointed to keep eye on the Daimiyo's movement
- d) The Daimiyos had to keep their family members in the Shogunate Palace when they returned back to their native place

9. According to the Jesuit Travellers, 'The Venice of the East' was

- | | | | |
|----------|-----------|---------|--------------|
| a) Sakai | b) Hakata | c) Otsu | d) Ujayamada |
|----------|-----------|---------|--------------|

10. The Tenriyo region

- a) comprised about 20% to 25% of the total land
- b) comprised about 25% to 35% of the total land
- c) comprised about 40% to 45% of the total land
- d) comprised about 45% to 55% of the total land

_____ × _____